

	COVID-19 and Influenza-like illness (ILI) <b>NEGATIVE</b> <small>Always follow standard and transmission based precautions</small>	Suspect COVID/COVID-19 or Influenza-like illness (ILI) <b>POSITIVE</b>
<b>Patient Care</b> (inpatient, observation, emergency department and OR/procedural)	 <small>Eye protection always required regardless of patient masking status.</small>	 <small>Eye protection always required regardless of patient masking status.</small>
<b>Patient Care</b> (ambulatory)	 <small>Eye protection required ONLY when patient unmasked.</small>	 <small>Eye protection always required regardless of patient masking status.</small>
<b>Aerosol-generating procedure (AGP)</b> (inpatient, observation)	 <small>Air exchanges required for room turn over</small>	 <small>Air exchanges required for room turn over</small>
<b>AGP</b> (outpatient, clinic and OR/procedural)	 <small>Air exchanges NOT required for room turn over</small>	 <small>Air exchanges required for room turn over</small>
<b>Inpatient Visitor PPE</b>		 <small>*Visitors of patients with influenza to wear universal mask only *Visitor may remain in the room for patients undergoing continuous AGPs. Visitors should leave the room during procedural AGPs. * Labor &amp; Delivery/OB units should follow their local PPE procedures</small>
<b>Inpatient Transport</b>	 <small>Patient should be wearing a mask.</small>	 <small>Patient should be wearing a mask.</small>
<b>Inpatient EVS</b>		
<b>Ambulatory Setting Room Turnover</b> (not completed by EVS)		
<b>Dialysis/Apheresis</b> (in patient room)		
<b>Dialysis/Apheresis</b> (open unit/multiple patients)		
<b>Registration/PSR/Screeener</b>	 <small>Patient should be wearing a mask</small>	 <small>Patient should be wearing a mask</small>
<b>Nasopharyngeal Swab Collection</b> (not an AGP)		
<b>Code and Airway Response - All CPR</b> * Regardless of COVID status/location		
<b>Key</b>	N95/PAPR             N95             Surgical Mask             Goggles/Face Shield Gown             Gloves	
<b>Definitions:</b> <b>AGP (Aerosol-generating procedure):</b> Procedures, patient care or therapies with a high-risk for aerosolizing infectious particles from respiratory secretions. <a href="https://nmi.nmh.org/wcs/blob/1390908842044/what-is-an-aerosol-generating-procedure-agg.pdf">https://nmi.nmh.org/wcs/blob/1390908842044/what-is-an-aerosol-generating-procedure-agg.pdf</a>  <b>Basics of Safe Use and Re-Use of PPE</b> <a href="https://nmi.nmh.org/wcs/blob/1390904506261/20200321-ppp-reuse.pdf">https://nmi.nmh.org/wcs/blob/1390904506261/20200321-ppp-reuse.pdf</a> <small>-Always discard N95 respirator after an AGP.</small>		

# Respiratory Pathogen Panel

**PROMPTLY IDENTIFY, TEST and ISOLATE SYMPTOMATIC PATIENTS:**

If a respiratory virus is suspected, place a **Respiratory Pathogen Panel** order and initiate empiric isolation precautions.

Regardless of patient status or location, remember to wear a universal mask. Eye protection should be worn during interactions with unmasked patients.

Once the panel results, review the patient for the appropriate isolation requirements.

Virus	Isolation Precautions
Adenovirus	Droplet and Contact
Coronavirus (not MERS or SARS strains)	Standard
Coronavirus (not MERS or SARS strains) ≤ 5 years old	Droplet and Contact
Human Metapneumovirus	Contact
Human Metapneumovirus ≤ 5 years old	Droplet and Contact
Rhinovirus / Enterovirus	Droplet
Rhinovirus / Enterovirus ≤ 5 years old	Droplet and Contact
Influenza	Droplet
Parainfluenza (1-4)- immunocompetent adults	Standard
Parainfluenza (1-4)- immunocompromised adults, ≤ 5 years old	Droplet and Contact
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)-immunocompetent adults	Contact
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)-immunocompromised adults, ≤ 5 years old	Droplet and Contact
<i>Bordetella Para pertussis / Bordetella pertussis</i>	Droplet
<i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i>	Standard
<i>Mycoplasma pneumoniae</i>	Droplet

Discontinuation of Isolation Precautions:	
Influenza	7 days after onset or 24 hours after resolution of fever or respiratory symptoms; whichever is longer
<i>Bordetella Para pertussis / Bordetella pertussis</i>	Until 5 days after start of effective therapy
All others on panel	Resolution of symptoms

**ADDITIONAL REMINDERS:**

- Perform hand hygiene every time you enter and exit a patient room.
- Do not come to work if you have any cold or flu symptoms.

**Questions or Concerns?**

Contact your Healthcare Epidemiology and Infection Prevention office or on-call pager.

