PPE FAQs FOR NM WORKFORCE

Q: Why do PPE guidelines keep changing?
A: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) and other agencies have been working hard to incorporate the latest science into their guidance. NM will continue to provide you with the most current national guidance regarding PPE. Our aim is to keep the workforce and our patients’ safe, and to ensure the supply of PPE for the weeks and months ahead. The CDC is now recommending that all patients be treated with an expanded package of universal precautions that includes both universal mask and eye protection. Click here for more information.

The change is due to:

- Increasing prevalence of COVID-19 in the population.
- Evidence of transmission of COVID-19 by asymptomatic people who do not know they are ill.
- Tests that are not always perfect.

This means that when we care for any patient, whether COVID-19 positive, negative, or unknown, we should wear a face mask. All staff interacting with a patient who is not able to or not required to wear a mask should also wear eye protection. This constitutes the new “universal precautions” along with our traditional universal precautions such as gloves when blood or body fluid exposure might be expected. Eye protection can be goggles or face shield. Goggles are appropriate especially when splashing might be expected. We expect these guidelines will be changed in future, perhaps as the pandemic recedes or vaccination and treatment options are available for COVID-19.

Q: Should I wear gloves to protect myself from COVID-19 and advise patients coming to NM to do the same?
A: No. Wearing gloves in public is not a substitute for washing your hands. Instead of wearing gloves, the CDC recommends that individuals practice good hand hygiene with either soap and water or a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Moreover, contamination during glove removal is common. CDC only recommends wearing gloves if you are cleaning and disinfecting your home or if you are a healthcare worker directly treating someone who is a suspected or confirmed COVID-19 patient.

Q: Can I take PPE home for personal use?
A: PPE is for use at work and may not leave NM facilities with one exception. In support of our universal masking guidelines, one procedural or surgical mask per person may be taken home and should be reused for multiple days or until it is soiled, torn or difficult to breathe through. The mask should be stored in a labeled, clean paper bag when not in use. All other PPE such as gloves, gowns, goggles, or N95 masks, and all other supplies, are reserved for patient care and should not be removed from any NM facility.

Q: What PPE should I use for suspect/confirmed COVID-19 patients?
A: Please review guidance available on PPE Guidelines.

Q: What PPE should I use when transporting a COVID-19 positive patient?
A: Consistent with the universal masking policy across NM’s clinical areas, staff should wear a mask when transporting patients, including those who are confirmed with COVID-19. Staff do not need to don an N95 when transporting patients, unless they already have one on from a prior procedure that required an N95.
Q: What PPE is needed when providing post-mortem care?
A: Follow “Usual COVID PPE guidelines,” which include gown, gloves, eye protection and surgical mask. However, if performing AGP during post mortem, such as removal of NG or ET tube, don an N95.

Masks
Q: What is universal masking and why did NM implement this change?
A: Universal masking, or wearing a mask to cover your mouth and nose at all times when inside any NM facility, helps to keep our patients, employees, physicians and visitors safe. Many people with COVID-19 may be symptom free. Masking helps limit exposure and transmission to protect our colleagues and communities. On April 3, 2020, the CDC recommended masking for the general public in situations where physical distancing may be difficult to maintain.

Q: Who should wear a mask?
A: All staff regardless of role, must wear a mask when entering an NM building. This includes staff involved in both direct patient care and non-patient-care-related activities. At this time, we have enough inventory to provide all staff with masks and appropriate PPE. We are requiring the use of NM-issued masks and NM-provided PPE in all work environments. Cloth or homemade masks are not considered PPE and should not be worn over NM-issued PPE. Staff may choose to wear a cloth or homemade mask when commuting to work and when entering an NM facility and traveling to their department until an NM mask is issued. Refer to Clinical Tips for Universal Masking.

Masks should be worn in all shared spaces such as hallways, multi-stall bathrooms, breakrooms and elevators. A mask does not need to be worn in spaces where physical distancing can be maintained such as eating in a designated area at least six feet away from others or in a private office.

Q: What type of mask should I wear?
A: Staff should wear an NM provided earloop or surgical tie mask at all times in all NM buildings (NOTE: The use of an N95 respirator used for designated patient care tasks will supersede the use of an earloop or surgical tie mask). See PPE Guidelines.

Q: Do staff have access to masks with a clear window to help promote effective communication with individuals who lip read such as those who are deaf or hard of hearing?
A: Yes. Masks with a clear window are available to support effective communication with patients who lip read in approved areas. Please note that while NM is working to procure these specialized masks, they remain in short supply and should only be used for this limited purpose. Additional information on the approved areas for usage, process to obtain the masks and how to don/doff the masks can be found here.

Q: How do I put on and wear the mask?
A: First, perform hand hygiene with alcohol gel or soap and water then apply the mask. Hook the earloops or tie the ties and place the metal wire over your nose and pinch for a good fit. The mask should never be worn below your mouth or chin, around your neck or on your forehead. Prior to removing a mask, perform hand hygiene with alcohol gel or soap. Perform the same hand hygiene prior to placing the mask on your face again.

Q: How long can I wear the same mask?
A: Staff who don’t usually wear a mask, should continuously wear the same NM-issued mask throughout their entire shift, reusing it daily until it becomes unserviceable. Certain roles may need to replace their NM-issued mask more frequently. Replace your mask when it is soiled, torn or difficult to breathe through. Bedside
clinical teams and others in direct patient care roles should continue to refer to current PPE guidelines and may need to replace their masks each day.

Q: When should I discard the mask?
A: Discard if it is soiled, difficult to breathe in, too wet to wear comfortably, torn or otherwise damaged.

Q: Where can I get a replacement when my NM-provided mask is no longer wearable?
A: Masks will be stocked as usual in the clinical department supply rooms. Non-clinical staff who work in hospitals or clinics should get their masks from a screening area upon arrival. Administrative staff who work in non-clinical facilities will get their masks from their building screening area or department manager depending on their location. Please contact your manager prior to your first time returning to a non-clinical facility to determine how to obtain an NM-issued mask.

Q: Is it safe for me to bring home the NM-provided mask?
A: Yes. If the mask is stored in a paper bag using proper technique and hand hygiene the risk of exposure from touching the bag is minimal. If you choose to leave your NM-provided mask at work, you will need to wear a personal mask to cover your nose and mouth as you enter and exit NM buildings.

Q: Can I wear my own personal mask from home? Can I wear it over my NM-issued PPE?
A: At this time, we have enough inventory to provide all physicians and staff with masks and appropriate PPE. We are requiring the use of NM-issued masks and NM-provided PPE in all work environments. Cloth or homemade masks are not considered PPE and should not be worn over NM-issued PPE.

Staff working in a patient care setting such as an inpatient unit, hospital outpatient department or ambulatory clinic must wear NM-issued PPE and follow NM PPE Guidelines. Staff working in other settings such as a loading dock, kitchen or administrative areas must wear NM-issued masks. Staff with allergic reactions to the NM-issued mask should speak with their manager about identifying other NM-issued mask options. If no acceptable alternative is identified, please contact Corporate Health.

Staff working in all of these environments may choose to wear a cloth or homemade mask when entering an NM facility and traveling to their department. Staff may choose to store their personal mask in a labeled paper bag in a clean, designated location within their department between shifts.

Q: Should I wear a mask in public or when taking public transit?
A: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the state of Illinois, and many counties and cities (including Chicago) recommend or require masks in public, including on public transit.

Q: Should outpatients, clinic patients and visitors wear a mask? Can they wear their own homemade masks?
A: Yes. All patients and visitors are to be offered an NM-issue mask, which should be worn at all times inside an NM facility as tolerated. If preferred, they may cover their own mask with an NM-provided mask. Under no circumstances should a patient or visitor be allowed to wear an exhalation value mask unless it is covered by an NM-provided mask.

Patients should be asked to wear a mask and ideally an NM-provided mask. Exceptions are as follows:

- Patient unable to wear a mask or cannot tolerate the mask
- Pediatric patient
- Mask must be removed to provide care
Q: Do pediatric patients, including infants, need to be masked?
A: According to CDC guidelines, children younger than 2 years of age should not wear a cloth face covering due to concerns that they might suffocate. Any child older than 2 years of age should wear a mask, as tolerated.

Q: Should inpatients wear a mask?
A: Inpatients are asked to wear a mask when leaving their rooms, as they are able to tolerate it. An inpatient’s mask may be placed in a labeled paper bag and stored inside their room when not in use. If a patient is unable or unwilling to wear a mask please consult with the patient’s physician or with local medical or operating leadership to see if additional precautions are needed. The inpatient does not need to wear a mask in the patient room, since staff will wear appropriate personal protective equipment. If there are two inpatients sharing a room, they do not need to be masked if there is a curtain between them.

Q: Am I able to remove my mask to communicate with a person with a hearing impairment and need to facilitate lip reading?
A: Yes. Staff may remove their face mask only if required for an encounter with an individual with a hearing impairment to facilitate lip reading. Staff must remain behind the Plexi-glass barrier or wear a face shield and maintain a distance of six feet.

Q: If I am universally masking, what should I do when I enter a room with an airborne isolation sign where an N95 respirator is required?
A: When going into a room where an N95 is required, remove the procedure mask and store it in your labeled paper bag. Don an N95 respirator prior to entering the room. You may wear the N95 continuously if you have a need for it and as long as an AGP was not performed on the patient, in which case it should be discarded. After exiting the patient room, remove the N95 and store it in a separate paper bag, perform hand hygiene and redon the mask that you stored in its own paper bag. Please take care when removing and re-using your procedure mask and N95. Please refer to Guidelines for Safe Use and Re-Use of PPE and PPE videos.

Q: When caring for COVID-19-positive patients in the same room, do I need to change PPE between patients?
A: When caring for COVID-19-positive patients admitted to the same room, you may continuously wear your mask and face shield. Gowns and gloves should be removed, and hand hygiene performed between patients before donning a new gown and gloves.

Q: Can I wear the same mask into multiple exam or patient rooms?
A: Yes, staff may wear one mask continuously. Once in place, you should avoid touching the mask. Perform appropriate hand hygiene if you touch the mask.

Q: Can I use a mask in an isolation room?
A: A surgical tie or earloop mask should be worn for all patients on contact, droplet and standard precautions. Please reference the FAQ’s on airborne isolation/N95 usage for additional guidance.

Q: When caring for a patient in contact precautions, when do I dispose of my mask?
A: You may continuously wear a procedure mask until soiled, torn or difficult to breathe through. If you use a face shield as eye protection, it may help protect the mask. See Guidelines for Safe Use and Re-Use of PPE.

N95 Respirator
Q: When should I wear an N95 respirator?
A: If the patient is on airborne isolation or requires an AGP, an N95 respirator or PAPR hood should be worn. Perform a seal check when donning the N95. In dedicated COVID-19 intensive care units, staff may wear the N95 continuously for care of multiple patients but must be discarded after an AGP. An N95 respirator does not need to be worn outside of these clinical circumstances. See also detailed PPE guidance.

Q: Can I use the N95 respirator for multiple patients? When should I discard it?
A: You may continue to wear and re-use your N95 respirator for multiple patients as long as it is not soiled, torn or difficult to breathe through. You should discard your N95 respirator at the end of your shift and in the following scenarios:
- After wearing it during an aerosol-generating procedure, even if a full face shield is worn.
- When it becomes contaminated with blood, nasal or respiratory secretions or other bodily fluids.
- If it fails the seal test, tears or breaks.
- If it becomes hard to breathe through.

Q: Should I cover the N95 respirator with a surgical mask?
A: No, there is no need to cover the N95 respirator. A face shield is preferred, as it provides eye protection and may reduce contamination of the respirator.

Q: Has there been suspension of N95 fit testing?
A: Because of the national shortage of N95 respirators, NM has an increasingly diverse range of types and models. As a result, we have temporarily suspended annual fit testing. Individuals should always perform a user seal test when donning your N95 respirator. Refer to the N95 tip sheet and videos at N95 Respirator Seal Check. Individuals with respirator concerns or who are having difficulty achieving a proper fit should:
- Contact Corporate Health and make an appointment for a respirator fit test. Corporate Health will provide a fit test on a case-by-case basis to anyone who needs assistance achieving a proper fit.
- Reach out to your manager for instructions to obtain a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR).

Q: What should I do if I’m experiencing difficulty wearing the 8210 N95 respirator?
A: Several employees have experienced difficulty in ensuring a proper fit with the 8210 respirator after a seal check. As a reminder, these are industrial respirators and are permeable, which require additional PPE in order to be effective within a healthcare setting, such as wearing a face shield in addition to the mask. If you experience fit issues, please contact Corporate Health.

Q: Can I wear my own N95 respirator?
A: No. At this time, we have enough inventory to provide all physicians and staff with appropriate PPE. As such, we are requiring the use of NM-issued PPE in all clinical and administrative environments.

PAPR
Q: When should I wear a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) instead of an N95 respirator? A: PAPRs are to be used by individuals when they are unable to wear an N95. PAPR use is limited to individuals who:
- Perform aerosolizing procedures such as: bronchoscopy, sputum induction, endotracheal intubation or extubation, open suctioning of airways, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, TEE, labor and delivery or autopsies.
- Cannot properly wear an N95 mask due to facial reconstruction, extreme weight loss/gain, braces or dentures.
Q: Can I wear a PAPR if I have facial hair?
A: Individuals will not be given a PAPR because they have facial hair. The limited number of PAPRS will be prioritized based on an individual meeting the established criteria. Facial hair should be shaved in order to fit an N95. Employees who wish to request a religious exemption from shaving should inform their managers or Human Resources to follow the exemption-request process.

Q: How long can PAPR hoods be used?
A: As a conservation measure, PAPR hoods may be worn continuously by the same healthcare worker for multiple patients up to multiple shifts.
   • Staff should write their name on the PAPR hood and store it in the anteroom between uses.
   • Departments should ensure a marker is available to write names.
   • Outside of the PAPR hood must be cleaned between every use with a disinfectant wipe (sanicloth, bleach wipe).

Q: What is my region-specific process for checking out a PAPR?
A: For region specific PAPR details, please review policy titled Respiratory Protection Program (NMHC HS 04.0210) and refer to the related document titled “Process for Obtaining a PAPR.”

Q: Are training resources available for a PAPR, if needed?
A: Yes. For a refresher on PAPR use, individuals may self-enroll into the e-learning module titled “Respiratory Protection Program.” When prompted within the module, select “I am a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) User” and then select the region in which you work.

Gown
Q: When should I wear a gown?
A: Follow the isolation sign on patient’s door, which outlines contact precautions requiring gown use.

Q: Should I re-use an isolation gown for multiple patients?
A: No, the isolation gown is contaminated due to close interaction with the patient and can be a source of transmission to other patients and staff. Isolation gowns are single-use and should be discarded after each patient’s care.

Face Shield or Goggles
Q: When am I required to wear eye protection?
A: The CDC has updated their guidance that all staff caring for unmasked patients should wear eye protection regardless of COVID status. Click here for additional information.

   • When interacting with patients, all staff should wear NM-issued masks.
   • Patients should be asked to wear a mask and ideally an NM-provided mask. Exceptions are as follows:
     o Patient unable to wear a mask or cannot tolerate the mask
     o Pediatric patient
     o Mask must be removed to provide care
     o Patient is in an inpatient room
   • If a patient is unable to wear a mask either because they cannot tolerate the mask, are not required to wear a mask (e.g. inpatient rooms) or the mask must be removed to provide care, staff should wear:
     o The usual universal mask
Eye protection (goggles or face shield). Please note that goggles are preferred if splashing may be expected. Otherwise, either option is acceptable.

- Eye protection may be worn continuously as long as it is not soiled, damaged or contaminated. See PPE Re-Use guidelines linked here.
- Disinfect face shields or goggles whenever removed, using gloves and approved hospital-grade wipes.
- This applies to any staff in a room with a patient or transporting a patient. This does not apply to public areas or waiting rooms.

Q: Which staff need to wear eye protection?
A: All staff who have an interaction with a patient who is not able to or not required to wear a mask should wear eye protection. This includes clinical staff, environmental services and patient transport. Staff do not need to wear eye protection when in public areas or waiting rooms.

Q: Should I wear eye protection in administrative offices, public areas and break rooms?
A: No. Eye protection is only needed when interacting with patients who are not masked.

Q: Can I wear my own eye protection (goggles or face shield)?
A: At this time, we have enough inventory to provide all physicians and staff appropriate eye protection. We are requiring the use of NM-issued goggles and face shields for staff who are interacting with patients who are not able to or not required to wear a mask.

Q: Can I use the same eye protection with multiple patients?
A: Yes, it is safe to reuse eye protection with multiple patients as long as the eye protection is not soiled or damaged. See specific guidelines on safe PPE re-use here.

Q: When should I wear a face shield?
A: A face shield or goggles should be worn if the isolation sign indicates eye protection or whenever a body fluid splash is expected. A face shield may be preferred rather than goggles for visibility, comfort and ease of use. A full-face shield also provides some protection to the mask from contamination.

Q: How do I safely reuse a face shield or goggles?
A:
- A face shield or goggles may be worn throughout your shift between different patients. Take care not to touch your face shield or goggles. Appropriate hand hygiene must be performed if you do.
- Your face shield or goggles must be cleaned whenever they are removed from your face, are visibly soiled and at the end of your shift.
- To clean your face shield or goggles: While wearing gloves, carefully wipe the inside, followed by the outside of the face shield or goggles using a hospital disinfectant wipe. Allow the item to fully dry, remove gloves and perform hand hygiene. If a film is left on the surface after cleaning, you can rinse the eye protection with a wet paper towel.